More R Markdown

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Contents

This is from the sixth chapter of learn.r-journalism.com.

Let's create some R Markdown files.

Make sure your working directory is set.

If you're not working with the learn-chapter-6-master folder you downloaded with **usethis**, download your files to a folder called *data*.

If you get lost, the .Rmd files can be found in the lesson repo.

We'll start out by generating a report with Boston city payroll data.

Datatables

- 1. Create a new R Markdown file and call it **Chunk 1**.
 - Leave author blank for these exercises

The top of your file (currently called *Untitled 1*) should look like this:

```
---
title: "Chunk 1"
output: html_document
---
```

and then that will be followed by the dummy code.

Delete everything beneath the YAML code.

Replace it with this code:

```
```{r loading}
load packages
library(tidyverse)
Loading the Boston city payroll
payroll <- read_csv("data/bostonpayroll2013.csv")
````
Let's look at the data in R Markdown with a package called [`DT`]
(https://rstudio.github.io/DT/) that uses the Datatables [jquery library]
(https://datatables.net/).
```{r display_data}
library(DT)
datatable(payroll)</pre>
```

Save the file as 01\_chunk.Rmd and click the knit button.

<pre># load packages library(tidyverse)</pre>											
## — Attaching packages —————					tidyverse 1.2	.1 -					
# ✔ ggplot2 3.0.0 ✔ purrr 0.3	.5										
# ✔ tibble 1.4.2 ✔ dplyr 0.	.6										
# 🖌 tidyr 0.8.1 🖌 stringr 1.3											
# 🗸 readr 1.1.1 🖌 forcats 0.3	.0										
# Conflicts				tidyve	rse_conflicts	() -					
- ## # dplyr::filter() masks stats::fi	1										
<pre># # dplyr::lag() masks stats::la</pre>											
* Loading the Boston city payroll payroll <- read_csv("data/bostonpayr	oll2013.csv")										
# Warning: Missing column names fil	ed in: 'X15' [15], '	'X16' [16]									
<pre>## Parsed with column specification: ## cols(</pre>											
<pre># NAME = col_character(),</pre>											
<pre># TITLE = col_character(),</pre>											
<pre># DEPARTMENT = col_character(),</pre>											
<pre># REGULAR = col_character(),</pre>											
<pre># RETRO = col_character(), # OTHER = col character(),</pre>											
<pre># OTHER = COL_character(), # OVERTIME = col_character(),</pre>											
<pre># INJURED = col character(),</pre>											
<pre># DETAIL = col_character(),</pre>											
<pre># QUINN = col character(),</pre>											
<pre># `TOTAL EARNINGS` = col_characte</pre>	·(),										
<pre># Community = col_character(),</pre>											
<pre># ZIPCode = col_integer(),</pre>											
<pre># State = col_character(),</pre>											
<pre># X15 = col_character(),</pre>											
<pre># X16 = col_character() # )</pre>											
's look at the data in R Markdown with a pack	age called <b>DT</b> that uses th	ne Datatables jqu	uery library.								
<b>ibrary</b> (DT) atatable(payroll)											
acacapie(balioii)											
<pre># Warning in instance\$preRenderHook # big for client-side DataTables. Y</pre>											
<pre># https://rstudio.github.io/DT/serv</pre>											
ow 10 🗘 entries				Search:							
NAME 🔶 TITLE 🍦 DEPAF	TMENT 🔷 REGULAR	• RETRO •				DETAIL	QUINN 🔅	TOTAL EARNINGS	Community 🝦	ZIPCode	
Darosa, Police Officer Boston I Baltazar Departm		\$0	\$209,237	\$10,473	\$0	\$629	\$6,724	\$293,892	Brockton	2302	
Creaven, Police Boston I	olice	\$0	\$70.049	¢47.579	\$0	\$22.019	¢00 701	\$280 121	Poston	0100	

Yikes, okay, that's way too much.

#### Hide warnings, messages

We can hide those console messages adding warning=F and message=F by the R code chunk labels.

Create a new R Markdown file and call it Chunk 2.

Type the code in below.

The new code can be found on lines 6 and 16.

```

title: "Chunk 2"
output: html_document

```{r loading, warning=F, message=F}
# load packages
library(tidyverse)
# Loading the Boston city payroll
payroll <- read_csv("data/bostonpayroll2013.csv")
```
Let's look at the data in R Markdown with a new package called [`DT`]
(https://rstudio.github.io/DT/) that uses the Datatables [jquery library]
(https://datatables.net/).
```{r display_data, warning=F}
library(DT)
datatable(payroll)</pre>
```

Save the file as 02_chunk.Rmd and click the knit button.

Chunk 2 # load packages library(tidyverse) # Loading the Boston city payroll

payroll <- read_csv("data/bostonpayroll2013.csv")</pre>

~ ~ ~

```
Let's look at the data in R Markdown with a new package called pt that uses the Datatables jquery library.
```

	datatable(payroll) how 10 😒 entries Search:									
	NAME 🔶	TITLE 👙			RETRO 🔶				DETAIL 🔶	QUINN
1	Darosa, Baltazar	Police Officer	Boston Police Department	\$66,829	\$0	\$209,237	\$10,473	\$0	\$629	\$6,724
2	Creaven, Jacqueline D	Police Lieutenant	Boston Police Department	\$104,661	\$0	\$79,248	\$47,572	\$0	\$33,918	\$23,721
3	Cawley, Stephen C	Police Lieutenant	Boston Police Department	\$44,632	\$0	\$216,037	\$10,158	\$0	\$4,046	\$6,031
4	Danilecki, John H	Police Captain	Boston Police Department	\$121,244	\$0	\$15,663	\$71,198	\$0	\$41,943	\$15,156
5	Kervin, Timothy M.	Police Lieutenant/Hdq Dispatch	Boston Police Department	\$104,588	\$0	\$13,494	\$88,906	\$0	\$41,840	\$12,988

Now that's much more readable and gets to the data quicker.

Hide code

If the person you're sharing this with has no interest in the code and only the quick results, use echo=F to hide the chunk of code and just display the output. It's on line 8.

We'll also narrow down the variables selected so the table isn't way too wide.

Create a new R Markdown file and call it Chunk 3.

Type the code in below.

The new code can be found on 8 and 17.

```
title: "Chunk 3"
output: html_document
----
# Boston employee pay in 2014
```{r loading, warning=F, message=F, echo=F}
load packages
library(tidyverse)
Loading the Boston city payroll
payroll <- read_csv("data/bostonpayroll2013.csv")
payroll_total <- select(payroll, NAME, TITLE, DEPARTMENT, TOTAL.EARNINGS)
```{r display_data, warning=F, message=F, echo=F}
library(DT)
datatable(payroll_total)
>>>
```

Save the file as 03_chunk.Rmd and click the knit button.

Boston employee pay in 2014

Show	10 ᅌ entries					5	Search	:		
	NAME	♦ TITLE	÷	DEP	ARTME	NT	$\stackrel{\wedge}{=}$	ΤΟΤΑ	L.EARNING	GS 🔶
1	Darosa, Baltazar	Police Officer	В	oston Polic	e Depar	tment		\$293,892		
2	Creaven, Jacqueline D	Police Lieutenant	В	oston Polic	e Depar	tment		\$289,121		
3	Cawley, Stephen C	Police Lieutenant	В	oston Polic	e Depar	tment		\$280,904		
4	Danilecki, John H	Police Captain	В	oston Polic	e Depar	tment		\$265,203		
5	Kervin, Timothy M.	Police Lieutenant/Hdq Dispatch	В	oston Polic	e Depar	tment		\$261,815		
6	Hosein, Haseeb	Police Lieutenant	В	oston Polic	e Depar	tment		\$255,020		
7	Lee, Thomas F	Police Captain/DDC	В	oston Polic	e Depar	tment		\$252,543		
8	Assad, Mark L	Police Sergeant (Det)	В	oston Polic	e Depar	tment		\$247,964		
9	Eversley, Eric V	Police Lieutenant (Det)	В	oston Polic	e Depar	tment		\$247,201		
10	Crossen, Patrick J	Police Captain/DDC	В	oston Polic	e Depar	tment		\$245,734		
Showi	ng 1 to 10 of 5,173 entries		Previe	ous 1	2	3	4	5	518	Next

Inline R code

Embed lines of R code within the markdown narrative with

Create a new R Markdown file and call it Chunk 4.

Type the code in below.

The new code can be found on line 29 and 31.

```
___
title: "Chunk 4"
output: html_document
____
```{r loading, warning=F, message=F, echo=F}
load packages
library(tidyverse)
Loading the Boston city payroll
payroll <- read csv("data/bostonpayroll2013.csv")</pre>
Cleaning up column names
colnames(payroll) <- make.names(colnames(payroll))</pre>
Cleaning out dollar signs and commas so it'll convert to numbers correctly
payroll$TOTAL.EARNINGS <- gsub("\\$", "", payroll$TOTAL.EARNINGS)
payroll$TOTAL.EARNINGS <- gsub(",", "", payroll$TOTAL.EARNINGS)</pre>
payroll$TOTAL.EARNINGS <- as.numeric(payroll$TOTAL.EARNINGS)</pre>
Narrowing down the scope of the data
payroll_total <- select(payroll, NAME, TITLE, DEPARTMENT, TOTAL.EARNINGS)
most pay <- payroll total %>%
arrange(desc(TOTAL.EARNINGS)) %>%
head(1)
The Boston city employee who was paid the most in 2014 was a `r most pay$TITLE` at `r
most pay$DEPARTMENT`.
This person made $`r prettyNum(most_pay$TOTAL.EARNINGS,big.mark=",",scientific=FALSE)`.
```{r display_data, warning=F, message=F, echo=F}
library(DT)
datatable(payroll_total)
```

Save the file as 04_chunk.Rmd and click the knit button.

Chunk 4

The Boston city employee who was paid the most in 2014 was a Police Officer at Boston Police Department.

This person made \$293,892.

Show	10 ᅌ entries			5	earch:	
	NAME	♦ TITLE	÷	DEPARTMENT	\$	TOTAL.EARNINGS 🔶
1	Darosa, Baltazar	Police Officer		Boston Police Department		293892
2	Creaven, Jacqueline D	Police Lieutenant		Boston Police Department		289121
3	Cawley, Stephen C	Police Lieutenant		Boston Police Department		280904
4	Danilecki, John H	Police Captain		Boston Police Department		265203
5	Kervin, Timothy M.	Police Lieutenant/Hdq Dispatch		Boston Police Department		261815
6	Hosein, Haseeb	Police Lieutenant		Boston Police Department		255020

This type of self-generating analysis is important because if you get the next year of payroll data, running

this report will sub in the new city employee who makes the most money automatically.

Pretty tables

Make pretty tables with the ${\bf knitr}$ package and the ${\tt kable()}$ function.

Create a new R Markdown file and call it Chunk 5.

Type the code in below.

The new code can be found all the way down on line 60 and 61.

```
title: "Chunk 5"
output: html document
# Departments with the highest average pay
 ```{r loading, warning=F, message=F, echo=F}
 # load packages
 library(tidyverse)
Loading the Boston city payroll
payroll <- read_csv("data/bostonpayroll2013.csv")</pre>
 ```{r cleaning_data, warning=F, echo=F}
colnames(payroll) <- make.names(colnames(payroll))</pre>
payroll$REGULAR <- gsub("\\$", "", payroll$REGULAR)
payroll$REGULAR <- gsub(",", "", payroll$REGULAR)
payroll$REGULAR <- as.numeric(payroll$REGULAR)</pre>
payroll$RETRO <- gsub("\\$", "", payroll$RETRO)
payroll$RETRO <- gsub(",", "", payroll$RETRO)</pre>
payroll$RETRO <- gsub(',', ', payroll$RETRO)
payroll$RETRO <- as.numeric(payroll$RETRO)
payroll$OTHER <- gsub("\\$", "", payroll$OTHER)
payroll$OTHER <- as.numeric(payroll$OTHER)
payroll$OTHER <- gsub("\\$", "", payroll$OTHER)</pre>
payroll$OTHER <- as.numeric(payroll$OTHER)
payroll$OTHER <- gsub("\\$", "", payroll$OTHER)
payroll$OTHER <- gsub(",", "", payroll$OTHER)
payroll$OTHER <- as.numeric(payroll$OTHER)</pre>
payroll$OVERTIME <- gsub("\\$", "", payroll$OVERTIME)
payroll$OVERTIME <- gsub(",", "", payroll$OVERTIME)
payroll$OVERTIME <- as.numeric(payroll$OVERTIME)</pre>
payroll$UVERTIME <- as.humeric(payroll$UVERTIME)
payroll$INJURED <- gsub("\\$", "", payroll$INJURED)
payroll$INJURED <- gsub(",", "", payroll$INJURED)
payroll$DETAIL <- gsub("\\$", "", payroll$DETAIL)
payroll$DETAIL <- gsub(",", "", payroll$DETAIL)
payroll$DETAIL <- as.numeric(payroll$DETAIL)
payroll$DETAIL <- as.numeric(payroll$DETAIL)
payroll$DETAIL <- as.numeric(payroll$DETAIL)
payroll$DETAIL <- as.numeric(payroll$DETAIL)</pre>
payroll$DETALL <- as.numeric(payroll$DETALL)
payroll$QUINN <- gsub("\\$", "", payroll$QUINN)
payroll$QUINN <- gsub(", "", payroll$QUINN)
payroll$QUINN <- as.numeric(payroll$QUINN)
payroll$TOTAL.EARNINGS <- gsub("\\$", "", payroll$TOTAL.EARNINGS)
payroll$TOTAL.EARNINGS <- gsub(", ", ", payroll$TOTAL.EARNINGS)
payroll$TOTAL.EARNINGS <- as.numeric(payroll$TOTAL.EARNINGS)</pre>
```{r analysis, warning=F, message=F, echo=F}
top5 <- payroll %>%
 group by(DEPARTMENT) %>%
 summarize(Average.Earnings=mean(TOTAL.EARNINGS, na.rm=T)) %>%
arrange(desc(Average.Earnings)) %>%
 head(5)
 - - -
```{r table, warning=F, echo=F}
library(knitr)
kable(top5)
```

Save the file as 05_chunk.Rmd and click the knit button.

Departments with the highest average pay

DEPARTMENT	Average.Earnings
Boston Police Department	136454.9
Mayor's Office-Public Info	133708.0
Law Department	133662.2
Environment Department	131208.0
Mayor's Office	127376.4

Change theme and style

Change the appearance and style of the HTML document by changing the theme up top.

Options from the Bootswatch theme library includes:

- default
- cerulean
- journal
- cosmo

highlights (for the code syntax)

- tango
- pygments
- kate

Create a new R Markdown file and call it Chunk 6.

Type the code in below.

The new code is at the top in the YAML section.

```
___
title: "Chunk 6"
author: "Andrew"
date: "7/23/2018"
output:
    html document:
        theme: united
        highlight: espresso
```{r loading, warning=F, message=F, echo=F}
load packages
library(tidyverse)
Loading the Boston city payroll
payroll <- read_csv("data/bostonpayroll2013.csv")</pre>
```{r cleaning_data, warning=F, echo=F}
colnames(payroll) <- make.names(colnames(payroll))</pre>
payroll$REGULAR <- gsub("\\$", "", payroll$REGULAR)
payroll$REGULAR <- gsub(",", "", payroll$REGULAR)
payroll$REGULAR <- as.numeric(payroll$REGULAR)
payroll$RETRO <- gsub("\\$",", payroll$REGULAR)</pre>
payroll$RETRO <- gsub("\\$", "", payroll$RETRO)
payroll$RETRO <- gsub(",", "", payroll$RETRO)</pre>
payroll$RETRO <- as.numeric(payroll$RETRO)
payroll$OTHER <- gsub("\\$", "", payroll$OTHER)
payroll$OTHER <- gsub(",", "", payroll$OTHER)</pre>
payroll$OTHER <- as.numeric(payroll$OTHER)
payroll$OTHER <- gsub("\\$", "", payroll$OTHER)
payroll$OTHER <- gsub(",", "", payroll$OTHER)</pre>
payroll$OTHER <- as.numeric(payroll$OTHER)
payroll$OVERTIME <- gsub("\\$", "", payroll$OVERTIME)
payroll$OVERTIME <- gsub(",", "", payroll$OVERTIME)
payroll$OVERTIME <- as.numeric(payroll$OVERTIME)</pre>
payroll$INJURED <- gsub("\\$", "", payroll$INJURED)
payroll$INJURED <- gsub(",", "", payroll$INJURED)
payroll$INJURED <- as.numeric(payroll$INJURED)</pre>
payroll$DETAIL <- gsub("\\$", "", payroll$DETAIL)
payroll$DETAIL <- gsub(",", "", payroll$DETAIL)
payroll$DETAIL <- as.numeric(payroll$DETAIL)
payroll$DETAIL <- as.numeric(payroll$DETAIL)</pre>
payroll$DETAIL <- as.numeric(payroll$DETAIL)
payroll$QUINN <- gsub("\\$", "", payroll$QUINN)
payroll$QUINN <- gsub(", ", payroll$QUINN)
payroll$QUINN <- as.numeric(payroll$QUINN)
payroll$TOTAL.EARNINGS <- gsub("\\$", "", payroll$TOTAL.EARNINGS)
payroll$TOTAL.EARNINGS <- gsub(", ", ", payroll$TOTAL.EARNINGS)
payroll$TOTAL.EARNINGS <- as.numeric(payroll$TOTAL.EARNINGS)</pre>
```{r analysis, warning=F, message=F}
top5 <- payroll %>%
group_by(DEPARTMENT) %>%
summarize(Average.Earnings=mean(TOTAL.EARNINGS, na.rm=T)) %>%
arrange(desc(Average.Earnings)) %>%
 head(5)
```{r table, warning=F, echo=F}
library(knitr)
kable(top5)
```

Save the file as 06 chunk.Rmd and click the knit button.

Andrew 7/23/2018

Departments with the highest average pay

<pre>top5 <- payroll %>% group_by(DEPARTMENT) %>% summarize(Average.Earnings=mean(TOTAL.EARNINGS, na.rm=T)) %>% arrange(desc(Average.Earnings)) %>% head(5)</pre>	
DEPARTMENT	Average.Earnings
Boston Police Department	136454.9
Mayor's Office-Public Info	133708.0
Law Department	133662.2
Environment Department	131208.0
Mayor's Office	127376.4

Table of contents

Add a floating table of contents by changing html_document to toc: true and toc_float: true.

Create a new R Markdown file and call it **Chunk 7**.

Type the code in below.

The new code is at the top in the YAML section.

```
title: "Chunk 7"
author: "Andrew"
date: "3/10/2018"
 output:
    html document:
         toc: true
         toc float: true
 # Boston employee pay in 2014
 ```{r loading, warning=F, message=F, echo=F}
 # load packages
 library(tidyverse)
 # Loading the Boston city payroll
 payroll <- read_csv("data/bostonpayroll2013.csv")</pre>
 colnames(payroll) <- make.names(colnames(payroll))</pre>
 payroll_total <- select(payroll, NAME, TITLE, DEPARTMENT, TOTAL.EARNINGS)</pre>
 ```{r display_data, warning=F, message=F, echo=F}
 library(DT)
 datatable(payroll_total)
 # Departments with the highest average pay
 ```{r cleaning_data, warning=F, echo=F}
payroll$REGULAR <- gsub("\\$", "", payroll$REGULAR)
payroll$REGULAR <- gsub(",", "", payroll$REGULAR)
payroll$REGULAR <- as.numeric(payroll$REGULAR)
payroll$REGULAR)
 payroll$RETRO <- gsub("\\$", "", payroll$RETRO)
payroll$RETRO <- gsub(",", "", payroll$RETRO)</pre>
 payroll$RETRO <- as.numeric(payroll$RETRO)
payroll$OTHER <- gsub("\\$", "", payroll$OTHER)
payroll$OTHER <- gsub(", ", "", payroll$OTHER)</pre>
payroll$OTHER <- gsub(',', 'payroll$OTHER)
payroll$OTHER <- gsub("\\$", "", payroll$OTHER)
payroll$OTHER <- gsub(",', "", payroll$OTHER)
payroll$OTHER <- as.numeric(payroll$OTHER)</pre>
payrol1$0VERTIME <- gsub("\\$", "", payrol1$0VERTIME)
payrol1$0VERTIME <- gsub("\\$", "", payrol1$0VERTIME)
payrol1$0VERTIME <- gsub(", ", "", payrol1$0VERTIME)
payrol1$0VERTIME <- as.numeric(payrol1$0VERTIME)
payrol1$11$UNUMED <- csub(")\$", "", poprol1$11NUMED)</pre>
payroll$OVERTIME <- as.numeric(payroll$OVERTIME)
payroll$INJURED <- gsub("\\$", "", payroll$INJURED)
payroll$INJURED <- gsub(",", "", payroll$INJURED)
payroll$INJURED <- as.numeric(payroll$INJURED)
payroll$DETAIL <- gsub("\\$", "", payroll$DETAIL)
payroll$DETAIL <- gsub(",", "", payroll$DETAIL)
payroll$DETAIL <- as.numeric(payroll$DETAIL)
payroll$DETAIL <- as.numeric(payroll$DETAIL)
payroll$DETAIL <- gsub(",", "", payroll$DETAIL)
payroll$DETAIL <- as.numeric(payroll$DETAIL)
payroll$QUINN <- gsub(",", "", payroll$QUINN)
payroll$QUINN <- as.numeric(payroll$QUINN)
payroll$QUINN <- as.numeric(payroll$QUINN)
payroll$TOTAL.EARNINGS <- gsub(",", "", payroll$TOTAL.EARNINGS)
payroll$TOTAL.EARNINGS <- as.numeric(payroll$TOTAL.EARNINGS)</pre>
 ```{r analysis, warning=F, message=F, echo=F}
 top5 <- payroll %>%
 group by (DEPARTMENT) %>%
 summarize(Average.Earnings=mean(TOTAL.EARNINGS, na.rm=T)) %>%
 arrange(desc(Average.Earnings)) %>%
      head(5)
 ...
 ```{r table, warning=F, echo=F}
 library(knitr)
 kable(top5)
```

```
12
```

Save the file as 07\_chunk. Rmd and click the knit button.

Boston employee pay in 2014 Departments with the highest average pay

## Chunk 7

Andrew 3/10/2018

### Boston employee pay in 2014

Show	10 ᅌ entries		Search:	
	NAME 🔶	TITLE 🔶	DEPARTMENT 🔶	TOTAL.EARNINGS 🔶
1	Darosa, Baltazar	Police Officer	Boston Police Department	\$293,892
2	Creaven, Jacqueline D	Police Lieutenant	Boston Police Department	\$289,121
3	Cawley, Stephen C	Police Lieutenant	Boston Police Department	\$280,904
4	Danilecki, John H	Police Captain	Boston Police Department	\$265,203
5	Kervin, Timothy M.	Police Lieutenant/Hdq Dispatch	Boston Police Department	\$261,815

#### Next steps?

Exporting as a PDF will require LaTex installed first \* Get it from latex-project.org or MacTex Check out all the features of R Markdown at RStudio

Publish your results to Github pages